



ENVISIONING MY FUTURE

A 2000-word essay to clarify and reinforce my career
goals

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1.0 Introduction

Though the use of technology to solve problems is far from a new concept, technological advancements have significantly changed the way we live over the past 50 to 100 years. Communication, transport, entertainment, health and finance are all examples of industries that have been greatly impacted by technological innovations developed in the 20th and 21st centuries.

Aside from the established technologies that are now considered a staple in our day to day lives, emerging technology trends currently being developed or are to be developed in the next five to ten years are set to change and improve many fundamental tasks and interactions including how we work, travel and communicate with each other (Department of Industry, n.d.). One of these innovations is augmented reality which has been in the works for several decades, but recent advances and the growth in investments in the field give evidence that AR could soon be the next big commercial commodity.

In the subsequent sections, we are going to discuss the significant use cases, benefits, concerns and influence that augmented reality could have as an emerging technology as well as how this interest of mine could affect my prospective career opportunities in the I.T. industry (Isberto, 2018).

2.0 Body

2.1 What is Augmented Reality (AR)?

Augmented reality (AR) is the integration of digital information within the user's environment displayed in real time. Unlike virtual reality which creates a totally artificial environment, AR uses the existing environment and overlays new information such as sounds, images and text on top of it (Rouse, 2016). As both virtual and real worlds harmoniously coexist, users of augmented reality experience a new and improved natural world where virtual information is used as a tool to aid in everyday activities (Rolle, 2018).

2.2 The Past and Present of AR

Although the term 'augmented reality' was not coined until 1990 by Boeing researchers Thomas Caudell and David Mizell, the basic concept of AR was first mentioned by author L. Frank Baum in 1901 who mentioned the idea of an electronic display that overlays data onto real life. However, this was not set in motion until the first technology behind AR began in 1968 when Harvard professor and computer scientist Ivan Sutherland developed the first head-mounted display system which he called the "Sword of Damocles". This system used computer-generated graphics to show users simple wireframe rooms and objects.

The next big development occurred in 1974 when computer artist Myron Krueger built "Videoplace", an artificial laboratory that combined projectors with video cameras that emitted onscreen silhouettes, surrounding users in an interactive environment.

In 1992, Louis Rosenberg from the U.S. Air Force Armstrong's Research Lab created the first real operational AR system known as "Virtual Fixtures". This robotic system enabled the overlay of sensory information on top of a workspace to help with human productivity (Interaction Design Foundation, 2018).

Since then, there have been many breakthroughs in augmented reality with a recent shift towards products available for consumers, rather than a sole focus on enterprise solutions.

2.3 Use Cases for AR

Augmented reality has been explored and has several real-world applications in a variety of industries from entertainment with the popular Pokémon Go mobile game to other markets such as healthcare, retail, education and much more. As the technology progresses, businesses have been increasingly interested in utilizing AR to drive their marketing strategy, customer engagement and sales. This interest will continue as innovators continue to explore the relevance and roles that AR can have in the workplace, giving much promise for it to revolutionize the way businesses operate.

2.3.1 Education and Training

Augmented reality in education will soon affect the conventional learning process. As most young people now have access to smartphones, the potential of combining these devices with AR could grant students extra digital information about any subject and make complex information easier to understand (Aleksandrova, 2018). Furthermore, AR could make learning itself more fun and enticing, helping educators engage students in the classroom.

The great thing about the use of AR is that is not just limited to a single age group or level of education, it can be used equally well in all levels of schooling; from pre-school education to university. Additionally, AR can help in a corporate setting, with safe and efficient workplace training and to assist with mastering practical skills required for a specific job.

Despite the benefits, there are certain pitfalls that should be considered when building solutions for AR in a learning environment. Teachers may lack the necessary skills to utilize this new technology and augmented reality's dependence on hardware poses clear challenges for educational institutions, with only the most innovative currently allocating resources to applying augmented reality applications in education.

Though the use of augmented reality in these fields is still new and unsettled with questions regarding how it compares to traditional teaching methods, there is much optimism for the future of AR in education and training as it poses immense possibilities.

2.3.2 Medicine and Healthcare

The application of augmented reality technology is opening many new opportunities in the healthcare industry. AR can help enhance doctors and surgeon's ability to diagnose, treat and perform surgery on their patients more accurately by giving them access to real-time data and vital statistics faster and more precisely than ever before (Sanchez, n.d.).

In relation to what is discussed in section 2.3.1 regarding education and training, AR allows medical students to visualize the vast amount of knowledge and theory behind surgical procedures, human anatomy and treatment protocols, helping them to grasp complex concepts more easily with such interactive experiences.

Right now, the use of augmented reality technologies in medicine and healthcare are at an early stage, but forward-thinking healthcare providers, both private and publicly funded continue to investigate the benefits of augmented reality as well as any obstacles that need to be surmounted.

2.4 AR Hardware & Software

Augmented reality relies on a variety of technological innovations including general hardware components such as the processor, display, sensors and input devices to achieve its functionality.

Modern mobile computing devices like a smartphone as well as other systems capable of displaying AR data such as optical projection systems, head-mounted displays, smart glasses and contact lenses contain elements including a camera, accelerometers, GPS and solid-state compasses, thus making them suitable platforms for AR.

A lot of the focus around augmented reality at present is developing software to complement and take advantage of these hardware capabilities. The Augmented Reality Markup Language (ARML) data standard is being used to standardize XML grammar for AR, while several software development kits (SDK) and toolkits such as ARCore from Google and ARKit from Apple are being designed to simplify AR development.

2.5 Concerns and Limitations of AR

As with any emerging technology, there are some challenges and limitations to overcome before we see mainstream adoption. Being able to recognize risks to consumer security, privacy and safety is the first step to resolving long-term vulnerabilities that augmented reality can create. What sets AR apart from other technology is its immersive nature. Allowing technology to directly mediate a person's perspective of and interaction with the physical world presents exciting opportunities, but it also makes safety concerns much more pressing compared with issues raised by more traditional technologies such as phones or laptops, which don't directly affect our view of reality.

2.6 The Future of AR

Moving forward, augmented reality is being increasingly adopted, with more and more people working on it, and many billion-dollar companies such as Facebook investing in it. Experts claim that by 2025, the AR/VR industry will be worth over \$25 billion and steadily rising. There are already thousands of career opportunities involved with augmented reality and this will only continue to grow with new job prospects including those in the process of software development, project management and design architecture.

3.0 Conclusion

In 5 to 10 years, relative evidence suggests that augmented reality will be a fundamental technology and will help shape the future of how we work and play. Not far from now, we will be able to live in a seamless world where digital information blends naturally into the physical world (Sarvaiya, 2019).

Furthermore, completing my Bachelor of Information Technology gives me the necessary skills and knowledge to pursue a software development or related career in augmented reality. Aside from this, being able to familiarize myself with technology trends early and attending conferences, meetups and events for the purpose of networking will put myself at a great advantage for when I have completed my degree and begin to enter the workforce.

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